Math 2802 N1-N3 Quiz Solutions

The quiz has a total of 10 points and you have 15 minutes. Read carefully and clearly justify how you obtained your answers.

1. [- points] Write the definition of *Steady-vector of a stochastic matrix P*; and find two distinct steady-state vectors for $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix}$

Solution.

A steady-state vector v of a stochastic matrix A has entries summing to one and satisfies Av = v.

Two steady-sate vectors for *P* are
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1/2 \\ 0 \\ 1/2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

- **2.** [-pts] Answer true or false
 - **a)** If $\lambda = 1$ is an eigenvalue of a stochastic matrix *P*, then *P* is regular.
 - **b)** If Pq = q for the transition matrix of a markov chain, then the entries in q are interpreted as occupation times of the sates in the long run.
 - c) If *C* is the compsumtion matrix for an economy with final demand *d* then the production vector can be computed using $x = (C I)^{-1}d$.

Solution.

- a) False. All stochastic matrices have $\lambda = 1$ as eigenvalue.
- **b)** False. This is only true if *P* is a regular stochastic matrix.
- c) False. The inverse should be for matrix (I C).